

Indian Affairs.

COLUMBUS, July 8.

Return of Gen. Scott and Staff, with the Army under Gen. Sanford and Brig. Gen. Lowe, with their respective Staffs.

On Thursday evening last, Maj. Gen. Scott of the U. S. Army and Staff, returned to our city. On the next day, Major Gen. Sanford and Staff, and a part of the gallant army of Georgia came in, all in excellent health and cheerful spirits, and encamped in the vicinity of the city. Brig. Gen. Lowe and Staff came up several days ago, in consequence of the serious indisposition of Gen. L. Since which, we are happy to state, his health, although yet far from being established, is much better at this time. Ever since General Scott and the army crossed the river at Roanoke, they have been actively employed in scouring the swamps of the Hatchachubbee, Cowagee, and Uchee creeks, searching for the enemy, but without success. The Indians had cleared out to parts unknown, or surrendered in time to save their bacon. They have played the game up to the handle—took care to do all the harm they could, before the white people could march against them with an organized force. As soon as this was effected, and the force got in their neighborhood, lo! they give up, and are taken into camp, fed well, and hauled off to Arkansas, laughing in their sleeves, all the time, at the success of their trick. This is but the realization of what we at the start predicted; it turns out true to the letter.

'Tis true, and pity 'tis, 'tis true.

The army will be disbanded and paid off at this place, as soon as the rolls can be made out. (at least all that can be spared.) They will return to their homes, with the praise of their commanders, and the thanks and well wishes of our whole community. With promptness and alacrity, the volunteers came to the rescue—we say let a similar promptness and despatch be used in dismissing them to their homes, their wives, and their little ones. And may every blessing attend them through life.

WESTWARD, HO!

From Fort Mitchell, on Saturday last, the contractors for the removal of the Creeks, had the pleasure of starting sixteen hundred Indians, men, women and children, for Arkansas. The hostile warriors, hand-cuffed, marching double file. A long train of wagons conveying the children, and such of the old women as were unable to walk, followed in their wake. Their departure for the West presented a scene on one side, pleasing and gratifying; on the other, solemn and sad. Necessity, the dictates of humanity, and the preservation of their future national existence, have all conspired to force from them a long and last farewell to the homes of their youth. Surrounded by a white population, broken up in their nationality—wretched, and every way undone, this miserable remnant of a once powerful people, have at last yielded to the force of circumstances, and with a bitter curse upon the heads of their enemy, they have left us, for what we hope, a better country; and a happier condition. On the march, the contractors will gather a considerable reinforcement from Echo Harjo's camp, near Tuskegee. At that place, they will find Neha Micco, Cheenalee, and Jim Henry. The latter has been refused to be given up to the Executive of Georgia, on the score of his being a citizen of Alabama, and consequently, that he must be tried first by the laws of that State. We are much pleased at the course which our Executive has taken in this matter: he took the earliest opportunity of inviting his fellow citizens, who had suffered any injury from the hostile Indians, to go forward and identify them, in order to have them brought to punishment. As soon as he heard that the notorious Jim Henry was a prisoner, he despatched Capt. Garman with his command, with Capt. Lawhorn of the Artillery, to bring him in. But the demand of the Governor was refused to be complied with, on the plea above stated. The Indians are placed beyond the power of our Executive, by the people of Alabama who claim to have them tried as their citizens, and by their own laws. However, notwithstanding, nevertheless, the Governor has succeeded in lodging nine of them in the jail at this place, to await their trial. Among this number is the notorious Dave Hardridge. In a short time, there will be but few Indians of any sort below the old Federal Road, and if the gang which escaped to Florida can be nabbed, we shall soon be blest with an end of the Creek War.—*Columbus Sentinel.*

We have at length received some definite information from Cols. Beall and Holmes, who were in pursuit of the runaway Indians. Gen. Scott received this morning (Wednesday) an express from Col. Beall, a copy of which we have obtained, and published for the information of the public. Gen. Scott has ordered immediately to the scene of action, the Columbus Guards, under Capt. Urquhart, Cadet Riflemen, Capt. Evans. The Artillery, Capt. Lawhorn, and by the earnest solicitation of the Muscogee Blues, Maj. Hoxie, who has the command of the whole has consented to let them have a chance in the expedition. They have left on board the steamer Metamora and Reindeer. Easter Chatta's, look out.

HEAD-QUARTERS, near Chickasatchee Swamp, Baker County, Ga.

Sir: In obedience to "orders," I have pursued the Indians to this place, where I find them encamped in a swamp, said to be 25 miles long, and varying from one to four in width. At 12 o'clock, M. the 1st inst. I learned that the Indians were en-

camped within four miles of this place, but was unable to reach them short of sixteen miles march.

On yesterday, about 10 o'clock, A. M., I made an attack upon the enemy, succeeded in driving them from their camp, with the loss of nine that were left dead, and from the signs of blood, I suppose 20 or 30 killed and wounded. The Indians fled precipitately in every direction, but I was unable to pursue them in consequence of the denseness of the bushes through which they retreated, the exhaustion of our men, and the state of our wounded, having seven of them, and two I fear, mortally. I think there is no doubt that the Indians are still in the swamp, and from the most intelligent persons here, I am induced to believe they design remaining. We need one hundred friendly Indians, commanded by Paddy Carr, to pursue the Indians and ferret them out, and shall be gratified to receive them as early as practicable. In consequence of the incessant rains we have had, and having fought in water, we need 3000 cartridges. In the meantime, I may take the liberty of saying, that the expedition will be brought to a close, and as soon as it is, a full report will be made as early as practicable.

Signed, THOMAS BEALL, Col. Com. 1st Brig. Mounted Volunteers. To Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott.—Col. Sen.

HEAD-QUARTERS ARMY OF THE SOUTH, Fort Mitchell, July 2d, 1836.

Sir: I am directed by Maj. Gen. Scott to inform you, that Maj. Gen. Jessup will, under his direction, establish, in a few days, two military posts on the post route between Columbus and Tuskegee:

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant, THOS. J. LEE, Lieut. 4th U. S. Art. Aid-de-Camp.

To the Post Master at Columbus, Ga.

It will be perceived, by a perusal of the above letter of Gen. Scott, that the mail communication between Columbus and Montgomery, will be re-established in a few days.—We learn verbally from the Post Master here, that by direction of Gen. Scott two small battalions of regular troops will move this day from Fort Mitchell, and take position on the post route. One battalion will establish itself at Caswell's or McClellan's, fifteen miles this side of Tuskegee, and the other at Adams, or Elliott's, twelve miles from Columbus. After the posts are established, the troops, or a portion of them, will be kept constantly moving between the posts, in order to arrest any straggling Indians who may be found upon, or near the road, and also to inspire confidence as to perfect safety of passing the road. In addition, Capt. Garman's company of Mounted Infantry, left Columbus yesterday morning for Tuskegee, by the mail route, in order to open the way, as it is some time since the road has been passed over, and will return this day. A mail wagon, with a mail, will be despatched in company with the Mounted Infantry, and the mail will be continued to be transported regularly thereafter, although it may not be conveyed oftener than tri-weekly for the first week or ten days after the line goes into operation, owing to the loss of stock, and the bad condition of the road.

Extract of a letter from an officer to his friend in this city, dated

"FORT CRAWFORD, Prairie du Chien, } June 11th, 1836."

"Three companies from this place, upon a request, made by General Brooke, have been ordered to proceed forthwith to Fort Winnebago, to strengthen that post. The Indians are encamped within a few miles of the fort on pretence of awaiting the payment of their annuities, which takes place on the 1st of August. From all the information he has been able to obtain, he thinks that they are hostile, and that without a sufficient force to overawe them, we shall have a war in this quarter about the 1st of August. To prevent this, he has called upon commanders of forts upon this frontier for troops to garrison forts Winnebago and Howard, the latter being the place where hostilities will probably commence. A Menominee Indian, now in confinement at fort Howard, is to be tried on the 12th inst. for the murder of a Mr. Bennett, the surveyor. There is little doubt of his execution, and this may be laid hold of by the Menominee Indians for the commencement of operations, when they will be sustained by their allies the Winnebagoes."

St. Louis, June 24.

Important Military Arrangement.—From an authentic source we learn that the President of the United States has requested Governor Dunklin to accept the services of one thousand volunteers, for the protection of our Western frontier. This requisition is made in compliance with the recent act of Congress, authorizing the President to accept the services of ten thousand volunteers, in case of Indian hostilities. General Atkinson, to whom the protection of the Northwestern frontier has been confided, is authorized by the Secretary of War to call upon the Governor for the services of these volunteers. With this auxiliary, and the disposition already made of the regular forces at the frontier posts, it is believed that peace will be preserved among the tribes located on our borders.

We may shortly "look out for squalls" on our own frontier. The same fierce and long-smothered vengeance which the artful eloquence and daring intrepidity of this Tecumseh of the South (Oseola) has aroused in the Seminoles and Creeks, also lurks in the bosoms of the numerous tribes of Indians by whom we are surrounded. The very first breeze that wafts

the same, and triumphs of Oseola to the prairies of the West, may also leap upon its bosom the reverberations of a war-whoop that will ring in lingering and appalling echoes from the Red river to the Wisconsin! The protection afforded us by the Government is by no means ample, and in the event of hostilities being commenced, we would necessarily have to rely, in a great degree, upon our own means of defence.

Boonville Herald, June 10.

THE CHEROKEES

A Council of this Tribe was held at Coosawattie Morray County, (Ga) on the 15th ult at which Indians of both the Ridge and Ross or treaty and anti-treaty parties, attended. A committee of twelve on the part of the Cherokees was appointed to meet a committee of the citizens of that County. At this conference the Cherokees stated through their committee, that no hostile movement, whatever is contemplated by them and hope that the difficulties which have grown up between the two parties of the Nation, known as the Treaty and Anti-Treaty parties may be settled in a manner satisfactory to both, and that peace and good feeling will be restored.—*Georgian, 12th inst.*

The difficulties which General Scott has had to sustain in his campaign in Florida, may be understood when we know the opinion expressed of that country sixty years since. Bartram, in his travels, speaking of the Seminoles, says, they are not a great nation, but possess a vast territory. "All East Florida, and a greater part of West Florida, which being naturally cut and divided into thousands of inlets, knolls, and eminences, by the innumerable rivers, lakes, swamps, vast savannas, and ponds, from so many secure retreats and temporary dwelling places, that effectually guard them from any sudden invasions or attacks from their enemies; and having such a swampy, hammocky country, furnishes such a plenty and variety of supplies for the nourishment of varieties of animals, that I can venture to assert that no part of the globe so abounds with wild game, or creatures fit for the food of man.

NEW YORK, July 1.

The French frigate *L'Artemise* is now anchored in the North river, having arrived here a few days since from Martinique with despatches from Admiral Mackau, Governor of the French West India islands, for the French Consul General here. She is commanded by the Chevalier De La Place, advantageously known by his history of the voyage round the world, made for scientific purposes by the French frigate *La Favorite*.

On Saturday the Mayor of the city and General Morton dined on board *L'Artemise*, by invitation from her commander, and were received on board with a salute from her guns. Another salute was fired by the frigate yesterday, when she was visited by the French Consul General.

We regret to find that the defences of the harbor have been left so totally destitute by draughts of men for the Indian war that there are none left to welcome the Chevalier De La Place with a salute on the part of the United States. It is very surprising to us to learn that there is no arrangement made for this purpose at the naval station here.

Our citizens generally will, we are convinced, feel sincere gratification at seeing the flag of our ancient ally floating in amity over our waters and be anxious to show to the distinguished gentleman and gallant officer who bears the commission of France those civilities which are due to his nation and his personal character.—*Courier & Enquirer.*

MEXICO, June 6.

"The Americans in this city, are abused daily by the public prints, and menaced with the threats of taking their individual property to pay the expenses of the Texas war, alleging that the Americans were the cause of all their disasters.

We are informed by a gentleman very recently from Jamaica, that the report current in Matamoras, that two private armed English vessels were fitting out at Jamaica to assist the Mexicans in subjugating the Texans, is entirely without foundation. In our remarks a few days since, alluding to this rumor, we expressed our doubts as to its truth and are happy to find that we were correct.

No expedition whatever, except what the Government of Mexico may despatch to Texas, is on foot against that republic nor do we believe that any Foreign Government will interfere."

STOCK-BROKERAGE.

The subscriber proposes to attend to the sale and purchase of all the Stocks of this place, Camden, Cheraw, Charleston and Hamburg, on the ordinary commissions. He will keep the public regularly advised, through the Columbia papers of the price of Stocks. Office at the Columbia Insurance Office.

For Sale.

Commercial Bank Stock. Broad-River Bridge Stock. Town of Columbia Five per Cents.

Wanted

Columbia Insurance Stock. Bank of Camden Stock. JOHN GLASS.

May 21.—17—hm

FOR SALE.

AN upright PIANO, of the best English work in good tune and preservation. Apply at this office. July 2—23—d

LOST.

A Fifty Dollar Bill, the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the store of H. LEVY. June 11—20—lf

NOTICE

THE subscriber begs leave to return his grateful thanks to his friends, customers, and the public generally, for the very liberal encouragement hitherto afforded him, and solicits a continuance of former favors. He requests to inform the public generally, that he has on hand a large assortment of Groceries consisting of

SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE, MOLASSES;

And upwards of 5,000 lbs. Kentucky and North Carolina BACON.

ALSO—Having bought the entire stock of CORDIALS belonging to Mr. James D. Lemiere, with his apparatus for making the same intends to pursue the same line of business as practised by him.

He has also on hand

Old Port Cognac Brandy Claret ip bottles } West India Rum, or on draft, } am aica do. Pale Sherry Wine Scotch whiskey, Malaga do Old Monongahela do Holland Gin.

All unquestionably of the first quality, all of which he will sell as low as the articles can be afforded at. JAMES MEWEN. June 11—20—g.

NOTICE.

IN order to settle the affairs of CARPENTER & PONNEY, it becomes necessary that all debts due them on or before the 1st of January last should be closed forthwith. Those interested, it is presumed, will come forward without further notice and comply with the above request. E. W. BONNEY.

June 4—19—lf

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has now received a fresh and general assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes,

of the latest and most fashionable style, which were selected with much care by himself—which he believes will give general satisfaction to those who will favor him with their custom. His stock comprises every description of Ladies and Gentlemen, and Children's Boots and Shoes, generally found in a regular shoe store. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Camden are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

ALSO—On hand a general assortment of FINE SILK HATS, Which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

W. B. DANIELS.

February 27.—5lf.

New Copartnership.

THE undersigned having on the 1st inst. associated themselves in the mercantile business, under the firm of Shannon, M'Gee & Co. respectfully solicit from the community and particularly the former customers of Shannon & M'Dowall, a continuance of the liberal patronage extended to that firm, and which it will be their endeavor to merit. Their stock of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, & Groceries,

is select and extensive, and will be disposed of on liberal terms.

C. J. SHANNON, H. T. M'GEE, W. D. M'DOWALL.

June 18—21—lf.

The business of the late firm of Shannon & M'Dowall will be settled by the subscribers. SHANNON, M'GEE & CO.

SUMTER HOTEL.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the House formerly occupied by J. Goodman and more recently by J. J. Exum as a Hotel in the Town of Camden, and near the Court House, where he is prepared to receive company, and flatters himself that those who favor him with their company will be satisfied with their accommodations. A. R. RUFFIN.

May 23.—20—lf.

A LARGE & excellent assortment of Hull's Patent Trusses, double and single, made to order of the most durable materials, for Southern use. Also, a new Instrument lately invented by Dr. H. which is highly approved of by the New York practitioners. It does away the use of Laced Belts altogether, and diminishes very much the necessity of resorting to pessaries. By its application, the wearers are at once relieved from great inconvenience, and enabled to resume their former activity. The above Trusses are just received, are of the subscriber's own selection, and will be sold unusually low.

White Lead and Colours.

A LARGE supply of these articles direct from WETTERLIT & BROTHERS' manufactory, which, with all others in the line, such as Oil, Brushes, Varnishes, Turpentine, &c. &c. can be had on the most reasonable terms, at WM. REYNOLDS'. ALSO—ON HAND.

A good supply of WINDOW GLASS,

J. GOODLAD, (From London)

Tailor and Habit Maker, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Camden, and the public generally, that he intends commencing the above business, and hopes by strict attention to the duties of his profession to merit a share of public patronage. July 2—23—lf

Two Houses to Rent

ONE at Kirkwood, & one in Logtown. Enquire of A. YOUNG. June 11—20—lf

Assistant Qr. Master's Office.

CHARLESTON, JUNE 18, 1836.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice of his readiness to adjust and settle all claims against the United States, for expenses incurred, and supplies furnished on account of the Militia and Volunteers from the State of South Carolina, (except within the neighborhood of Savannah and Augusta) for the defence of Florida, in conformity to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved May 28th, 1836, which is published for the information of those concerned.

JOHN L'ENGLE, Assistant Qr. Master.

AN ACT

To provide for the payment of expenses incurred and supplies furnished on account of the militia received into the service of the United States for the defence of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War, be and he is hereby directed to cause to be paid the expenses that have been incurred, and the supplies that have been furnished, in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, and the Territory of Florida, on account of the Militia received into the service of the United States for the defence of Florida. Provided, That the accounts for these claims shall be examined and audited at the Treasury, as in other cases. Sec 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be authorized to cause the militia called out to defend East Florida, by General Clinch and Hernandez, & by the Governor of Middle and West Florida, and such other militia and volunteers as have been received and mustered into the service of the United States and regularly discharged, to be paid in like manner with the volunteers and militia ordered into service under orders from the War Department.

JAMES K. KOLK, Speaker of the House of Representatives. M. VAN BUREN, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate. Approved, May 28th, 1836. ANDREW JACKSON.

June 25—22—am

THE undersigned, as

owners of public wagons, give notice that their wagons are not permitted, in any instance, to receive pay for hauling, otherwise than by ticket, that they are allowed no perquisites and person will be proceeded against who shall pay for any one article hauled as over load. To or from the ferry, for a four horse team, the rates for hauling will be \$1 25 and boat yard \$1. The following will be considered as a load:

10 Bales Cotton,	2 Hds Molasses or Sugar,
12 Bbls. Flour,	4 Tierce Rice,
10 " Fish,	3,000 lbs. Coffee,
10 " Liqueur,	15 Sacks Salt,
10 " Stone Lime,	50 Coil Rope,
35 P's Cotton Bagging,	30 Kegs Nails.

J. BISHOP & CO. HAYMAN LEVY, JOHN WORKMAN, By W. E. HUGHSON. W. C. WORKMAN, JNO. M. NIOLON. JOSEPH G. CLARK, By SAML. J. YOUNG. July 2—23—c

SILKS,

AT NEW YORK COST, Figured and plain colored Silks, a handsome assortment of the above article suitable for spring will be sold at COST.

ASLO A few pieces DUFFEL BLANKETS, and NEGRO CLOTHS, will be sold at cost by H. LEVY. April 2

SOUTH CAROLINA

SUMTER DISTRICT.

THE Jail of Sumter District, on the 28th ult. a likely young negro man, about 5 feet six inches high, possesses an intelligent countenance and manner of speaking, seems to be twenty years of age, says he was raised by Benjamin Blanchard of Williamsburg District, and passed thro' various hands into those of Benj. Greenwood, of Baker County, Georgia, from whom he ran away about two years since. W. E. RICHARDSON, Sheriff S. D. July 9—24—b

COMMITTED

TO the Jail of Kershaw District, a Mulatto girl, who calls her name Matilda. She is about 22 years old, 4 feet high, and says she belongs to Richard Ward of Edgefield District. The owner is requested to come forward, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. JAMES VICKERS, Jailor, K. D. July 9—24—lf.

Clerk Wanted.

A young man who has a knowledge of the mercantile business, and can bring a good recommendation, and can bring a permanent situation and a good salary by addressing a letter to "H. M." July 2.—23—lf.

WANTED,

A good english teacher, for the Free School in Camden, to commence on the 2d Monday in July. Apply to C. J. SHANNON, Sec'y. and Tres'r. Comm'r. free Schools, K. D. June 18.

NOTICE.

DURING the absence of JOHN C. WEST, Maj. A. R. Ruffin is authorized to collect the debts due the late firm of J. M. Niolon & Co. J. BISHOP. July 9—24—lf

NOTICE.

THE proprietors of Lanier and Green's Ferry, give notice that they will petition to the next Legislature for a recharter for the same. May 7.—hm